School of Tae Kwon Do TERMINOLOGY FOR YELLOW BELT (7TH) KUP MEMBERS

Required pattern Number of Movements Ready Position Diagram DO SAN 24 NARANI CHUNBI SOGI I

Meaning of Pattern

DO SAN is the pseudonym of the patriot Ahn Chang Ho (1876-1938) who devoted his entire life to furthering the education of Korea and it's independent movement.

New Movements in Pattern

<u>Stances</u>

Walking stance
L stance
Sitting stance

Blocks

High outer forearm block Middle knifehand guarding block Middle wedging block Rising outer forearm block

Punches

Middle forefist punch

Strikes

High backfist side strike Middle knifehand strike

Thrusts 1

Middle fingertip thrust

Kicks

Middle front snap kick

Release from grab

End: Bring left foot back to ready stance

Significance of Yellow Belt

Yellow signifies the earth, from which a plant sprouts and takes root as the Tae Kwon Do foundation is being laid.

Significance of Green Belt

Green signifies the plant's growth as TKD skills begin to develop.

Basic Kicks
Side piercing kick
Turning kick

Chagi

Yop cha jirugi Dollyo chagi

<u>Sogi</u>

Gunnun sogi Niunja sogi Annun sogi

<u>Makgi</u>

Nopunde bakat palmok makgi Kaunde sonkal daebi makgi Kaunde hechyo makgi Bakat palmok chookyo makgi

<u>Jirugi</u>

Kaunde ap joomuk jirugi

<u>Taerigi</u>

Nopunde dung joomuk yop taerigi Kaunde song sonkup tulgi

Tulgi

Kaunde ap cha busigi

Chagi

Kaunde ap cha busigi

Jappyosul Tae

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Additional Information

An Makgi Any block exposing the inside of the opponents body.

Annuro makgi Any block travelling towards the centre of your own body.

An Palmok makgi This is a particular block EG. Middle inner forearm block.

Bakat makgi Any block exposing the outside of the opponents body.

Bakuro makgi Any block travelling away from the centre of your own body.

Bakat palmok makgi This is a particular block EG. Middle outer forearm block.

Questions		<u>Answers</u>
1. Where would you find a TKD newsletter?		On the TKD school notice board.
2. What does U.K.T.A. mean?		United Kingdom Taekwondo Association
3. What does I.T.F. mean?		International Taekwondo Federation
4. What is the Korean terminology for 3 step sparring?		Sambo matsoki
5. What is the Korean terminology for 3 step semi free sparring?		Sambo jayoo matsoki
6. Name all the kicks you know including foot part used?	Kicks Ap cha olloigi Yop cha olloigi Ap cha busigi	Footparts Ap kumchi Balkal Ap kumchi

Yop cha jirugi

Dollyo chagi

7. Name 2 middle blocks
and describe
the difference?

An palmok akgi: Block starts from the inside of the body using inner forearm and travels outward (blocking arm is the arm which is furthest away from the body in the start position).

Balkal

Ap kumchi

Bakat palmok makgi: Block starts from the inside of the body using Outer forearm and travels outward (blocking arm is the arm which Is nearest the body in the start position).

8. An makgi - Any block exposing the inside of an opponents body for attack.

Bakat makgi - Any block exposing the outside of an opponents body for attack.

Anuro makgi - Any block travelling inward with respect to your own body.

Bakuro makgi - Any block travelling outward with respect to your own body.

9. Name all the hand parts you know?

Ap joomuk Dung joomuk Sonkal Sonkup Palkup

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Grading Syllabus

NB: Revise all previous grading sheets.

- 1. Perform pattern Do San.
- 2. Three step sparring and three step semi free sparring.
- 3. Power test: Breaking 1 board using side piercing kick and turning kick.
- 4. Questions: NB: Answer questions using Korean terminology.

EG. What is the first and last move in your pattern?
Name and perform the stances you know?
Name and perform the blocks you know?
What is the meaning of your pattern?
What does the colour of your belt mean?
What is the Tae Kwon Do oath?
What does the green belt signify?
What is palkup?